THE DAILY GAZETTE.

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THE NATIONAL CAPITAL

German Discrimination Arouses the Petroleum Interest.

Secretary Lincoln on the Witness Stand in the Swain Trial

Unreliability of the Congressional Record Revealed.

American Pork in Germany

WASHINGTON, December 13.—For some months past the subject of American pork in Germany has remained in statu quo, the inhibition imposed by imperial decree March 6th, '83, still existing and Germany in a while having been effectively closed to American produce. Hitherto the contest against German discrimination has been urged alone in behalf of American pork interests but hostile measures in Germany have recently been directed against American petroleum. A powerful combination of the two interests is now being formed looking to a decisive and determined stand by the new administration in regard to both these mutually important branches of American exports.

The Swain Trial

WASHINGTON, December 13.—When the Swaim court martial convened Robert T. Lincoln, secretary of war, appeared as a witness, called by the prosecution. His direct examination was confined simply to the inquiry whether he had received any report or communication from General Swaim, prior to the 15th of April '84, relative to the pay accounts of Col. Morrow. The secretary testified that he had received no information on the subject from General Swaim prior to the date mentioned. The cross examination was conducted by General Grosvenor. It was directed to showing that the secretary had information prior to the 15th of April '84, of duplication of Col. Morrow's pay accounts. The first question asked was whether at the time General Swaim referred to the alleged duplication of Morrow's pay accounts the secretary had not full knowledge of the conditions of those pay accounts. This question was objected to by the judge advocate, and an argument ensued. The court refused to sustain the objection. The question was then put to the secretary. He answered that he had no knowledge whatever prior to the communication of General Swaim. He was then asked if he had read reports of the case, but this question was objected to and the objection sustained. Objection was made to the next question, whether the secretary had had information that the accounts were said to be fraudulent. The court sustained the objection and held that questions should be confined to the secretary's "official" information. The secretary testified that he had no official information on the subject.

In answer to a further question he testified that Major Carey, then acting paymaster general, came to see him about a letter he had received from Col. Morrow asking that his (Morrow's) pay be stopped except in order to pay certain debts. His impression was that Major Carey simply asked for instructions and he did not know what debt Col. Morrow wished to settle. He (the secretary) thought Morrow's request unusual. His reply to Major Carey was that he would not consent to put an officer's name on a stoppage circular except for some recognized cause, but that he had no objection to making an arrangement under which it would be understood that Col. Morrow's pay accounts could only be paid by one paymaster. General Grosvenor said they had reached a point where an anomalous, unique and never before heard of paper, an assignment by an officer of three years' pay in advance, an assignment absolutely forbidden by law to be made or recognized, had been brought to the secretary of war and they wanted to show that at that time the secretary of war knew the circumstances under which it had been made. General Grosvenor then asked if the secretary had ever had a conversation with General Sherman on the subject of Col. Morrow's pay accounts. Witness said he had never had a conversation with General Sherman on the subject and had not received any communication from him with regard to pay accounts. He said however that he had a conversation in the spring of '83 with General Sherman touching complaints that had come to him concerning indebtedness of Col. Morrow. He was asked if a newspaper correspondent named Scott Smith did not come to him early in March, '83, and told him Morrow's accounts were fraudulent and showed him a publication on the subject. This question was objected to and ruled out by the court. In answer to a question by General Grosvenor the secretary said when Major Carey brought Col. Morrow's letter to him he (the secretary) knew the accounts mentioned were in the future. General Grosvenor then asked, "Did you understand at that time that such assignment of accounts was in violation of Sec. 2,290 in regard to officers' pay accounts?" Secretary Lincoln replied, "Pertectly well," and General Grosvenor then asked, "Then why did you not prosecute Colonel Morrow for violation of the articles of war?" Chandler immediately objected to this question, and General Grosvenor said if objection was made they would not insist upon it.

General Drum and two other witnesses were examined without interesting result and then Col. Morrow took the stand and told the story of his request that Swaim would lend him $500 and how the latter referred him to Hatman & Co. He stated that Swaim was aware at the time that there was anything wrong with his pay account.

XLVIII Congress

HOUSE

WASHINGTON, December 13.—On motion of Mr. ... a concurrent resolution passed tendering ... at the exposition of the ... public ... at the entrance ... of the world's expo... New Orleans ... the president hand ... to open the exposition by telegraph and start the machinery thereof by electricity from the executive mansion in the presence of his cabinet and foreign representatives, and requesting the president of the senate together with a committee of thirteen senators and the speaker of the house with one representative or delegate from each state or territory to attend at the executive mansion on Tuesday, December 16th, at 2:30, to witness on behalf of the congress of the United States the opening of the exposition by the president and to adopt and forward therefrom such an address of congratulation as may seem appropriate to the occasion.

Warner of Ohio rising to a question of privilege offered a preamble and resolution reciting that J. D. Taylor of Ohio on the fifth of July '84, the house having under consideration the Mexican pension bill, having obtained the floor occupied the time of the house for six minutes, that subsequently he obtained leave to extend his remarks in the Record, and then instead of extending his remarks he had printed in the Record after adjournment of congress a written speech or paper containing sentiments and paragraphs reflecting on the members of the house and the house itself, and reporting or purporting to report the action of one of the committees of the senate, all in violation of his leave to extend his remarks in the Record and of the rules of the house and declaring that parts of the speech reflecting on members of the house, on a committee of the house and on the house, and referring to what took place in a senate committee are not a legitimate part of the proceedings of the house.

Warner stated that he was directed by the committee on pensions, bounty and back pay to bring the matter before the house. He sent to the clerk's desk and had read portions of Taylor's speech to which objection was taken. They reflected on Warner as chairman of the committee on pensions, bounty and back pay, on the committee itself and denounced the action of the house on the Mexican pension bill. They also make allusion to the action of the senate committee on pensions.

Warner argued that the facts alleged in Taylor's speech were not true, and controverted the statement that the committee on pensions, bounty and back pay at the last session reported only one bill for the relief of soldiers and that one an objectionable one, and he quoted from the records of that committee to show a large number of bills had been reported for the house. The question to be decided was, whether the house would allow to remain as part of its record, what was never spoken in debate.

Taylor then submitted an argument to substantiate statements made by him in a speech to which exception was taken, and the discussion drifted into consideration of the Mexican pension bill. Coming down more directly to the subject in controversy, he read from tables prepared by the public printer showing that Warner had himself on several occasions taken advantage of the privilege of leave to print, in order to show that it was the habit of members to avail themselves of this permission. One of these tables discloses the interesting fact that during the 45th, 46th 47th and the first session of the 48th congress ... speeches were printed which were never delivered on the floor, while 1,183 speeches delivered were withheld for revision and substantially altered.

Rogers of Arkansas said this remarkable spectacle was presented of a committee of the house, consisting of democrats and republicans, unanimously requesting their chairman to print certain charges against a gentleman from Ohio (Taylor) and asking that gentleman to expunge objectionable features in the speech of that gentleman be expunged from the record.

Hammond said it was perfectly immaterial how the election in Ohio had been conducted or how it ended. The sole question was whether by the paragraphs complained of the gentleman from Ohio had committed a breach of the rules of the house. He (Hammond) thought the gentleman's remarks to-day were a virtual admission of this, and he would vote to expunge from the record the objectionable article.

Warner in rising to close the debate said the action of Taylor in printing such a speech was unprecedented. He did not wish to go into a discussion of the Ohio election but would say never had a campaign been carried anywhere where methods so corrupt, forbidden and abhorrent were resorted to as were resorted to by his colleague, his confederates and his paid scoundrels to circulate the very speech which he had printed.

Taylor demanded that these words be taken down, and they were read from the clerk's desk.

Warner—I withdraw the remarks, which I can plainly see to be unparliamentary, but I say this that I do not think a campaign was ever carried on anywhere in which methods more corrupt, forbidden and abhorrent were resorted to to achieve political ends than were resorted to in the Seventeenth district of Ohio during the last campaign on the part of the republican party. [Applause on the democratic side.] Warner was permitted to proceed in order, and continued with a vindication of the committee of which he is chairman.

Browne, of Indiana, moved to refer the resolution to the committee on rules. Lost, yeas 94 nays 161. The resolution was adopted, yeas 161 nays 60.

The senate joint resolution was adopted in relation to ceremonies to be authorized in connection with the completion of the Washington monument.

Recess until 8 o'clock. The evening session is for the consideration of pension bills.

The house at the evening session passed ten pension bills, including one granting $50 a month to Emma De Long and adjourned until Monday.

The Fire Record

NEW BEDFORD, Mass., December 13.—Fire this morning destroyed the large dry goods store of Haskell & Tupps and is now burning the jewelry store of J. A. Dieter, the tailoring establishment of Robert Gordon, and the shoe store of Michael Cairns. The whole fire department is out. Loss is very heavy.

PITTSBURG, December 13.—The large brick tobacco factory of Quarles & Jones burned. Loss $40,000, insurance $15,000.

KANSAS CITY, December 13.—The Groves' linseed oil works in the eastern part of the city burned this evening. A quantity of oil in the warehouse was saved. Loss $35,000.

Congo Neutrality

BERLIN, December 13.—The Congo committee have provisionally accepted the French neutrality proposals, which provide for free navigation of all rivers and canals and free passage over all railways and roads in both the Congo and Niger countries by all nations, peaceful or belligerent, for purposes of commerce in time of war.

THE PUBLIC HEALTH.

Views of the Conference of State Boards of Health

Embodied in a Bill to be Submitted to Congress.

Introduction of Dangerous Diseases Provided Against.

WASHINGTON, December 13.—The committee on federal legislation appointed by the national conference of state boards of health has completed a bill which embodies the views of the conference as to the best method of preventing introduction into the United States of cholera and other diseases dangerous to public health. The first of ten sections comprised in the bill provides for a national board of health, to consist of one member from every state, the health board now or hereafter established to be appointed by the president and confirmed by the senate. This differs from the original act in that it largely increases the membership of the board and excludes from it medical officers from the army, navy and marine hospital service and the law officer from the department of justice.

The second section of the new bill provides, as did the corresponding section of the original act, for the collection and dissemination of sanitary information, etc., but greatly enlarges the scope of the board's powers by authorizing it to frame rules and regulations for government quarantine service of the United States and by vesting in it (the board) all authority which is now or may hereafter be provided by law for the control and protection of the public health. It directs that the national board co-operate with local boards, as far as it lawfully may, and aid in the enforcement of the latter's rules and regulations, but it also authorizes the national board upon the direction of the president to act in the several states independent and make and enforce its own rules regardless of local boards.

The third section relates to the regulation of the maritime quarantine service, and authorizes the national board to frame rules to be observed by all vessels sailing from foreign ports to ports of the United States and provides that such rules when approved by the president and issued by all consular officers and agents of the United States as well as by medical officers serving under this act.

Section four provides that any vessel from any foreign port which shall attempt to enter any port of the United States in violation of the above mentioned regulations shall be liable to a fine not exceeding $1,000, which shall be a lien upon the vessel.

Section six authorizes the president of the United States in any threatening emergency to make known by proclamation measures which he may think necessary to meet it such as suspending introduction by land or sea of any dangerous kind of merchandise or prohibiting entirely entry into United States ports of vessels from infected countries. He shall at the same time convene the national board of health in special session, and measures devised by the latter shall upon approval by the president supersede the executive proclamation.

The remaining four sections provide for collection by consular officers of sanitary statistics and information in foreign ports, for detail by the president of departmental officers to serve temporarily under direction of the board without extra compensation, for an appropriation of $500,000 to meet the expenses incurred in carrying out the provisions of the bill, such sums to be disbursed under the national board's direction and by its own disbursing agents, and repeal of all acts inconsistent with the terms of this one.

A delegation of physicians and members of state boards of health placed the bill in the hands of the house committee on public health this afternoon.

A Fiery Furnace

DETROIT, December 13.—Shortly after five o'clock this evening girls employed in the second story of Gray, Toynton & Fox's candy factory, corner Bates and Woodbridge, were terrified at the discovery of fire breaking out in the rear of the room where they worked. A rush was made for the front of the building for the fire escape. In descending the ladder one of the girls fell and was slightly hurt. Three were seen by the window, but flames burst through and drove them back and they were not again seen until the flames stopped when their bodies were discovered lying near the window. Their faces were burned black but the bodies had not been touched. The names of the girls burned are Frances Messmore, aged 14, Annie Lynch, aged 23, and Ellen Colger, aged 17. The loss and damage to adjoining building is $5,000. The cause of the fire is unknown. The coroner empanelled a jury to-night and adjourned until Wednesday afternoon.

Springer Investigation

WASHINGTON, December 13.—Barker continued his testimony to-day before the committee examining his charges against the comptroller's office. He testified that he had objected to passing the accounts of several United States marshals. He also objected to the account of John I. Davenport, chief supervisor of elections of the city of New York. At the request of Milliken witness read a section of the revised statutes and an order of court showing the account was legal and had been ordered to be allowed. Judge Lawrence will testify Monday.

During the cross examination of Barker by Milliken the question was asked whether the judge who passed the account was better capable of passing judgment as to the legality of the vouchers or the witness. "You will confine yourself to gentlemanly questions," replied the witness, passionately adding, "I did not come here to be insulted and object to propose to be." "Well, we are running the investigation," retorted Milliken. "I am running this end of it," said witness. "Yes," replied Milliken, "You are running the butt end of it." The spectators roared and the committee joined in the general laugh.

The accounts of Marshal Lot Wright, of the Cincinnati district, for expenses attending the election in October have been referred to the first auditor of the treasury for examination. They show disbursements as follows: Special deputy marshals, $14,105; printing $181, badges, $196, livery, $46, total $14,563. The expenditures for special deputy marshals are duly approved by Judge Sage of the district court. The accounts for printing badges and livery, constituting what are designated as "extraordinary expenses," are subject to approval of the president and can only be paid with his consent. The amount sent Marshal Wright on his requisition to meet estimated expenses was $18,333, leaving a balance due the United States according to the accounts rendered. The sub committee appointed to investigate the conduct of Marshal Wright will meet at Cincinnati on the 4th of January.

Still Rejoicing

NEW YORK, December 13.—The dinner of the executive committee of the merchants and business men's Cleveland and Hendricks clubs to-night was a great success. Guests assembled soon after six and marched into the large hall. J. P. Townsend presided. Among guests were United States Senator B. F. Jonas of the democratic national committee, Carl Schurz, Gov. T. M. Waller, Gov. Abbett of New Jersey, John Ford of the Brooklyn Union, Joseph J. O'Donohue of the coffee exchange, D. Willis James of the committee of seventy (as was also J. J. O'Donohue) which overturned the Tweed ring in this city, Horace White of the Evening Post, Mayor elect Grace and Gen. J. B. Gordon of Georgia.

CHARLESTON, S. C., December 13.—Celebration of the election of Cleveland and Hendricks began to-day by firing a gun for every electoral vote (219). Jollity was unbounded during the day. In the evening the city was ablaze with lights.

Lost in the Snow

DENVER, December 12.—A Silverton special to the Tribune Republican says: Grave fears are entertained for the safety of Charles McCarthy, brother of Alderman Eugene McCarthy, who left here Tuesday morning for Durango, taking the old trail leading over Sultan mountain. He reached the Molas mine about four o'clock the same afternoon and at once resumed his journey. Since leaving the Molas nothing has been heard of him, word being received by telegraph from Durango this morning that he had not reached there. The first severe storm of the season sprang up Tuesday evening, raging furiously all night and showing ten inches of snow in the morning. It is earnestly hoped that he was not without shelter that night as he must surely have lost his way in the mountains and perished. Alderman McCarthy headed a relief party this morning to search for the missing man.

The Brand-Leman Fraud

CHICAGO, December 13.—The persons indicted for participation in the election frauds in the second precinct of the Eighteenth ward appeared before Judge Blodgett in the federal court this morning and gave bail in $10,000 each. The accused declared that they had not had time to examine the indictments and were allowed until Tuesday to plead.

An Exodus of Gamblers

DENVER, December 12.—It is announced to-night that Ed Chase, proprietor of the Palace theatre, proposes to permanently close his place to-morrow night. Already a large proportion of the 75 men and women employed in one capacity or another about the theatre have accepted situations in Durango, Leadville, Cheyenne and elsewhere.

St. John Losing His Temper

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., December 13.—Hon. John C. Hanna, of this city, has received a letter from ex-Governor St. John in which he says: The whole story of republican papers that I at any time in my life ever directly or indirectly proposed to sell out to the republican, democratic or any other particular party or organization is simply one of the many infamous and malicious lies for which the republican press during the campaign just closed has been noted. In the late campaign the national prohibition party defrayed my expenses and I gave to the cause my time and labor without money and without price. The republican party may burn me in effigy and continue its threats of personal violence, it may open its flood gates of falsehood and villification and bitterness upon me but it can never swerve me from doing what my conscience tells me is right. The campaign of 1888 has already begun and the warfare against the liquor traffic will be vigorously prosecuted, and the political party that stands in the way of the movement of the people will get hurt."

Fearful Loss of Life

BALTIMORE, December 12.—Officers of the steamer Mason Weems which arrived this morning from Rappahannock river report fearful loss of life among colored oystermen on that river, in the storm of Tuesday night. About 25 colored men were out in their boats tonging for oysters when the storm arose. The gale capsized almost all of them. Those which escaped were unable to reach the shore in safety. The men were thrown into the rough water unable to swim ashore. Many of them clung to the boats for a time but finally washed away and drowned. Very few escaped. Eleven bodies have been recovered already and as many more are still to be missing.

BALTIMORE, December 13.—Twenty-seven oystermen at least drowned in the recent gales on the Rappahannock. Thirteen bodies have been recovered.

Turkish Atrocities

LONDON, December 13.—A dispatch from ... says Turkish atrocities in Macedonia ... two hundred Christians have been ... three villages burned. Kidnapping is common and the inhabitants are afraid to leave their homes.

CIVIL SERVICE.

Senator Pendleton Gratified at the Progress of Reform

And Confident of Co-operation of the President-elect

Levi P. Morton States His Position on the Tariff

Pendleton's Views

NEW HAVEN, Conn., December 13.—At a meeting of the Civil Service society to-night a letter was read from United States Senator Pendleton of Ohio. He says: The law has already accomplished much good in establishing the merit system and the thing of moving the ... is occupied by office seekers. I think Senator Pendleton says "we may have the fullest confidence that the president elect will in this new field of duty be as faithful to the principles of this reform movement as he has shown himself to be while mayor and governor that he will rigidly enforce the provisions of the law now on the statute book and gradually extend their application to the whole subordinate non political service. As necessity for additional legislation shall appear it will be promptly and intelligently recommended. The system has grown rapidly in favor with members of congress and in this I think they only reflect the views of their constituents. The beneficence of the reform will surely commend it more and more to the good sense and patriotism of the people. Its original friends have every reason to be encouraged but this encouragement should only stimulate them to increased exertion.

Morton on the Tariff

ALBANY, December 13.—The Evening Journal cabled Hon. Levi P. Morton as to his position on the tariff. Morton replies: "In regard to my views on the question of protection I stand fully committed to the policy and platform of the republican party. I earnestly believe in protection of American industries and of the interests of working men in the United States."

Exposition Preparations

NEW ORLEANS, December 13.—The world's exposition opens Tuesday next. Business outside will be generally suspended. The city will be gaily decorated. The arranging of exhibits is progressing rapidly. The main building, with an addition, nearly half a mile long the government building, 885x565 feet, are found too small, so much larger and more numerous are the exhibits than was thought possible a few months ago. The department of information for accommodation at the world's exposition is under the direction of Captain B. F. Walsh. The central office is 164 Xavier street. It has telephone connection with twenty-eight branch offices and men are on duty day and night for the purpose of aiding visitors. Twenty five thousand strangers including exhibitors and employes now in the city make no perceptible draft on the available accommodations.

THE RELIGIOUS WORLD.

Notes and Comments

It is an interesting and significant fact that Bishop Spalding, of Peoria, preached a Thanksgiving sermon before the Plenary council of the Roman Catholic church recently in session in Baltimore. In this sermon he said:

The practice which with us has now grown to be national, of appointing one day in the year for general thanksgiving to God has seemed to the fathers of the Plenary council of Baltimore consonant with the principles of faith and with the promptings of the heart of the Christian people and they have therefore determined to recognize and commend, in a public and solemn way, a custom which declares our dependence upon God, both as a nation and as individuals, while it tends to strengthen the spirit of gratitude and to increase our confidence in his allwise and fatherly providence. The appeal made by the civil authorities of our country requesting all citizens to cease from work and business on this day and to raise their thoughts to God while they bring to mind the great and numberless blessings which he continues to shower upon them and their country, is a call to which we gladly hearken.

Here is the Romish church accepting as a religious festival a day founded by the Puritan fathers! The children of the Puritans can well afford to keep Christmas under such circumstances.

In a recent number of the Christian at Work the Rev. Charles L. Morgan formerly pastor of Hope church, Springfield gives an account of the way in which Thanksgiving is kept in Moline, Ills., a town of 11,000 inhabitants in which the day had for years passed almost unregarded. Now it is one of the most popular festivals of the year, and the change has been brought about in a way that other towns might well imitate. The Congregational and Methodist churches unite in the celebration. Some days in advance the names and addresses of all destitute families and deserving poor families in town are furnished by the Associated Charities. On Thanksgiving day every person attending the service brings his offering with him to the doors of the church, the children loaves of bread, and the grown up folks bulkier gifts of all useful sorts. A committee in waiting receives these, divides them into portions and loads the waiting express wagon. Mr. Morgan writes:

The lecture room by service time had become a store house of substantial food—sacks of flour, bags of potatoes, apples, turkeys, bread, almost everything edible was there besides a considerable amount of clothing, while outside awaiting orders, stood loads of wood and coal. But best of all, those offerings reproduced a church filled with as happy and grateful an audience as ever praised God. Nor was it an audience of Christians and frequent church goers exclusively. Business men who years ago gave over this annual service as a bore, were again present and not a few who rarely on the Sabbath are found in God's house ... By the close of our church services of praise, the outside service of sacrifice was complete. Forty homes were rejoicing in unexpected abundance, and we went to our own well spread tables with the sweet satisfaction that for this week at least, not a family in our little city would know want.

The annual report of the public library of Boston shows that, of the 1,036,900 volumes taken from the library last year, only 30, or 1 in 18 ... failed to be returned, and that the branches, with an aggregate circulation of ... 030 volumes, lost only ten of these. The ... plan adds: "This state of things indicates that the entirely free and unrestricted manner in which all comers are accorded the use of books without the slightest security is met by a corresponding desire to show how much this implicit trust can be relied upon and the result does not fail to be of the most salutary character."

A good illustration this of the principle that one way to make people trustworthy is to trust them!

The Andover Review for December has a striking article on literacy and crime in Massachusetts. The report of the prison commissioners shows that the entire number of arrests for crime for the year ending September 30th, 1883, was 25,000, or one arrest for every 70 of the inhabitants of the commonwealth and assuming that five persons constitute a family we have the alarming result of one arrest to every six families in the entire state. The criminal population of the house of correction in the county of Hampden has increased in the last twenty years three times as fast as the whole population of the county. The returns of libels of divorce, a class of statistics from which the foreign element and a large class of our native population is eliminated owing to its membership in a church which forbids divorce from the bonds of matrimony, show that there is a marked deterioration in the moral character of the native population. In the years from 1860 to 1880 while the population has increased only ... per cent the ratio of divorced persons to the population has increased 104 per cent. These facts furnish food for thought.

An article in the same monthly on missions in Mexico gives the following statistics of interest: Protestant congregations 264, communicants 13,000, probable adherents 27,000, value of church property $463,850, pages of religious literature mailed in 1882, 570,445, theological students, 30.

The writer adds: "The fruitfulness of the field is unexampled not even in Japan has there been such a speedy and abundant harvest. Missionary annals will be scanned in vain to find a parallel to the record of Mexico. The recent re-election of President Diaz insures the continuance of governmental favor and protection to the missions. Whatever may be said of his methods, he has shown himself a resolute friend of all agencies which can bring light to his country. The doors stand wide open. The City of Mexico can be reached from New York sooner than from San Francisco. American capital is extending lines of railroad to every part of the republic. It is possible for American Christianity to make of them all highways for the feet of the messengers of the gospel.

Notwithstanding all statements to the contrary the extensive use of intoxicating drinks is doing Germany immense harm. The temperance problem is there too becoming a burning question which is being widely discussed by theological, medical and social journals. A medical periodical of high reputation recently gave statistics that tell their own tale. It says that in Germany no less than 10,000 people die of delirium tremens every year, of the male prisoners in the country over 75 per cent are constant drinkers, of the female prisoners over 11 per cent indulge constantly.

The United Presbyterian church in this country has at a recent session of its general assembly removed certain restrictions on the use of instrumental music in worship and organs have been brought into use in certain congregations. With this a large minority in the church are bitterly dissatisfied and are vehemently protesting.

The new version of the Old Testament says the Independent, "will start with very great advantages over that of the New. The need of revision is more generally acknowledged especially in the prophetic books. In one respect is less is at stake doctrinally while a distinct gain for practical religion is secured by the advance in intelligibility. The poetic books will appear in the poetic form of the Hebrew verse, at least we are assured that this is true of the book of Job and inferred for the rest."

The following lines are not the last lines of Paradise Lost, but they appear to be to the point. A lady who thought herself a poetess wrote the following rather lumping line in a hotel album:

"Content to be in His own image. But He

All then her inspiration gave out. A wicked man who happened along some time after completed the verse as follows:

"Would probably have remained so, but she

DAILY GAZETTE.

PUBLISHED BY

THE GAZETTE PUBLISHING COMPANY

DAILY—IN ADVANCE.

Per annum $[illegible] | Six Months $[illegible]
Three Months [illegible] | One Month 1 0

WEEKLY—IN ADVANCE.

Per annum [illegible] | Six Months $1 00
Three Months [illegible] | One Month [illegible]

ADVERTISING

Made known on application to the office

JOB WORK.

Facilities for Plain and Fancy Job Printing equal to those of any establishment west of the Missouri river

All persons having advertisements in this paper and desiring them discontinued will please make it known at the business office, where they will be properly attended to. We cannot hold ourselves responsible for advertisements continuing in the paper unless notice is thus given.

No claims are allowed against any employe of the GAZETTE to offset any advertising bills

All advertisements for the WEEKLY GAZETTE must be handed in not later than Thursday noon.

Advertising agents are respectfully notified that we do not want any advertising from them

R. W. STEELE
Manager of the GAZETTE.

A SILVER CONVENTION

The miners of Colorado and others interested in the continued coinage of silver have issued a call for a convention to be held in Denver on January 28, 1885. The several counties of the state are invited to send as many delegates as they sent to the state political conventions of [illegible]. Residents of other states and territories who are interested in the object are also invited to be present. This may be the nucleus of a grand movement for the protection of the silver interests

Two murderers were hanged yesterday

The secretary of the treasury has made a new attack on the importation of old rags.

Germany, not content with excluding American pork, is now threatening American petroleum.

The question of the New York senatorship is exciting a good deal of interest in the east. President Arthur's candidacy for the contest does not yet seem to be fully determined

As our dispatches this morning show, the election of Cleveland and Hendricks still stirs enthusiasm. There was formal rejoicing yesterday in New York city and at Charleston, S C

It is reported that the notorious Palace theatre of Denver is to be closed If this report shall prove true, we congratulate the Tribune-Republican on this important result of its fight against Denver's worst classes

Senator Bayard is reported to have made a call on Mr. Cleveland a few days ago and it is believed by some that the Delaware senator was offered the position of secretary of state in the new administration Probably Mr Bayard's appointment to this important place would give fully as much satisfaction to the American people as any that could be made

A "Subscriber" to the New York Tribune writes to that paper that in June he dropped the Times and Post "of course," and that in "November the Commercial had to go because of its remarks upon Mr Blaine's Augusta speech." In this particular line of bigotry and imbecility "Subscriber" might, with good reason, challenge the whole of his beloved native land He ought to run a paper himself in order to get something narrow enough for his taste.

The Philadelphia Record suggests that the democrats in the New York legislature unite with a part of the republicans to send President Arthur to the senate. "There is little in President Arthur's administration," says the Record "of which the democrats of the country complain His recommendations in favor of tariff reduction have been so nearly in harmony with their policy that no sacrifice would be made in electing him to the United States senate by democratic votes As a legislator he would display the same liberality and breadth of statesmanship that have marked his course as the executive It would be a great triumph over the narrow spirit of partisanship to send Chester A. Arthur to the United States senate by republican and democratic votes."

It was brought out during a debate in the house of representatives yesterday that during about seven years of congressional proceedings 569 speeches that were never delivered were printed and that of the speeches actually delivered 1,181 were held for revision and substantially altered If quantity were the test in such matters the Congressional Record would hold the very highest rank as a work of fiction Now this sort of thing may be fun for the congressmen and may increase the number of employes in the government printing office, but it does not tend to a larger respect for congress on the part of the American people, nor does it advance the cause of veracity and morality. We trust that the day will come when the Congressional Record will tell what actually happens in congress

The following from the Leadville Democrat throws further light on the mental processes of the jury that acquitted Dorry the other day:

Various of the jurymen were found and briefly interviewed One story has it that they stood nine to three for conviction on the first ballot, and another that it was seven to five. One juryman said in giving reasons for the verdict, that Dorry was a Christian, and he believed in leaving the matter between him and his God Another stated as a reason for his vote that there had been worse men than Dorry acquitted in Lake county courts and he did not believe in making an example of an old man, the oldest one ever tried here for murder. It was further advanced in argument that Mr. Dorry deserved acquittal for the employment of such brilliant counsel.

The Democrat contains among its editorial paragraphs this rather vague one, which, we take it, is intended as its opinion on the result of the trial:

We have, in the past, wasted a good deal of time and space in well meant but misdirected homilies upon the alarming increase of capital crime; but we have now decided to abandon the subject and give more attention to

[illegible] the Grecian and the manly art of self-defense Moralizing, in the rowdy west, must go

Denver papers publishes a list of all assessments in Arapahoe county amounting to $4,000 or more Ex-Senator Tabor's is the largest Besides this we give a few other large individual assessments,

H. A. [illegible]	$124,700
W [illegible]	300,030
John G [illegible]	16 [illegible]
Augusta L Tabor	164,940
Charles B Cheever	130,270
Moritz Barth	118,431
[illegible]	111 [illegible]
George Fritch	111,310
[illegible]	81 160

The News in its editorial columns makes the following rather bitter comments on the list as a whole

We publish a list of the tax payers of Denver who are assessed at $4,000 and upward, this morning We fancy that most of our readers will be surprised to note the difference between the assessed valuation and the popular estimate of the wealth of our leading citizens Arithmetical editors often waste a great deal of time and space in showing the destruction of values effected by a general panic, but we would like to hear of any panic that equals an assessor as a destroyer of values. Men who are commonly rated as millionaires shrink into financial insignificance as soon as the assessor casts his eyes over their belongings, and all the property in the community is scaled down to a fraction of what would be asked for it from a prospective purchaser But the decline in real estate, though enormous is infinitesimal when compared with the disappearance of personal property Men and women who are the envy of their neighbors on account of the excellence and costliness of their furniture, their equipages, their jewelry, their stocks and buds, rate their property as old junk when the assessor approaches, and all this in the face of almost certain perjury The assessor seems to be a destroyer of veracity as well as of values. Nobody is truthful when he is around except the inmates of the poor house Good people who shrink in holy horror from the classes ordinarily called vicious and criminal, have no hesitancy in defrauding the government by a false plea of poverty to the assessor

— PERSONAL —

John Kelly, the Tammany chief, is still too ill to work or to read

A Paris widow is said to have made a fortune by keeping pumpkin pies in her restaurant

Mme Ristori ties knots in her handkerchiefs to remind her of things she wishes not to forget.

Fred Archer, the English jockey visited Washington a few days ago and paid his respects to President Arthur

Susan B. Anthony, says a Paris exchange, is expected in that city next month on a visit to Mlle Louise Michel

Mr Fawcett, the late blind postmaster general of Great Britain, is to have a memorial tablet in Westminster Abbey

Miss Florence Marryat, the novelist, is seriously ill at London, Ont She is suffering from overwork and the effects of gas escaping in her room

The Rev Dr Nelson Millard, lately of Syracuse N Y, and now of Norwich, Conn, is named in connection with the presidency of Union college, his alma mater

The Rev. T De Witt Talmage will next week start on a special lecture through the south His opening lecture will be on "Ingersoll and" at Little Rock Ark

Governor Hoadly of Ohio has selected General J D Cox as chairman of the commission charged with the task of procuring the lifesize statue of General Garfield which Ohio [illegible] present to the National Statuary hall

Miss N [illegible] [illegible] of the Fortune soprano, is to sing the part of Virginia in the opera of Paul and Virginia, which is now in active rehearsal and will be given by [illegible] [illegible] in [illegible]. Miss Vogul is said to possess a well trained voice and a charming presence

Overpopulation in Germany

Contemporary Review.

Germany is growing fast a pre eminently industrial country for which the export of its productions is the condition of providing the population with food and raw materials, and at the same time her population is increasing more rapidly than that of any other country The average yearly increase on 10,000 inhabitants since 1831 was in France twenty-six, in Great Britain 101, in Germany 115, notwithstanding a large emigration The population of the German empire in its present limits was in round numbers 25,000,000 in 1816, it is now 45,250,000, while 3,500,000 have emigrated This increase results almost exclusively from the excess of births over deaths, while the feeble growth of the French population is still partly due to immigration, which proves that the increase of wealth is stronger than that of the people. In Germany it is the reverse, the amount of expenditure caused by the seeding numbers is not equaled by a correspondingly growing income. In Prussia the number of those exempt from direct taxes—i e, whose income did not exceed £25 had risen within five years by 1,000,000, it was more than 7,000,000 in 1882, the statistics of other German states show a similar result, the poor rates have increased everywhere in an alarming proportion and the number of vagrants and tramps have become a general plague. Our industrial production suffers from chronic plethora, its art produce does not correspond to its immense expansion, still less is a real amelioration of the situation of the working classes to be discerned. The supply of labor generally exceeds the demand; consequently wages do not rise, and the lower strata of the population can absorb comparatively little of the mass of products which are daily thrown upon the market, because the scantiness of their earnings does not allow them to satisfy correspondingly their wants. But in the higher classes also all the callings are overcrowded, the increase of academical students has been abnormal and far exceeding the demand, and a considerable part of this surplus of trained forces, finding no employment, perishes or launches into adventures In short, everywhere we find an embittered struggle for existence, which engenders discontent and hopelessness and furnishes social democracy with fresh recruits. It is this overpopulation which is the source of the large German emigration True, without it the pressure would still be stronger, yet the opinion which would consider this outflow as an unmixed boon is erroneous Germany has comparatively more enforced under 15 years than any other country—16,018 045 in a population of 45,500,000—and they represent unproductive elements to be sustained by the rest. With the emigration it is very different, 44 8 per cent of it belong to persons of 20 to 40 years, thus the same number of emigrants represents a much larger sum of force of labor than the corresponding number of the average population We educate at a great expense productive forces in order to lose them when they are grown to maturity, and the foreign countries to which they go reap what they have sown.

Wants of Cattlemen

HELENA, Mont., December 13 —In reply to an editorial the Herald here to-morrow will print a letter from General James S. Brisbin, vice president and chairman of the national executive committee of cattlemen, explaining the object and purposes of the St Louis convention. The general declares free ranges are no longer practicable or desirable He says the majority of the cattle men of the United States favor the leasing of the public grass land a Texas cattle trail, and an animal industrial bill The statement is made that one sixth of all the cattle herds west of the Missouri river are owned or controlled by Englishmen, who feed their cattle on free American grass and are gradually driving the Americans out of the cattle business The letter appeals to the people and congress to protect American cattle growers against foreign capital and favor cheap beef for home consumption.

HOSTETTER'S CELEBRATED STOMACH BITTERS

In cases of dyspepsia, debility, rheumatism, fever and ague, liver complaint, inactivity of the kidneys and bladder constipation and other organic maladies Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is a tried remedy to which the medical brotherhood have lent their professional sanction and which as a pleasant tonic and household specific for disorders of the stomach, liver and bowels has an unbounded popularity

For sale by druggists and dealers, to whom apply for Hostetter's Almanac for 1885 dwb-1 pl

Young Men Read This.

The VOLTAIC BELT CO, of Marshall, Mich, offer to send their celebrated ELECTRO-VOLTAIC BELT and other ELECTRIC APPLIANCES on trial for thirty days, to men (young or old) afflicted with nervous debility, loss of vitality and manhood, and all kindred troubles. Also for rheumatism, neuralgia, paralysis, and many other diseases. Complete restoration to health, vigor and manhood guaranteed. No risk is incurred, as thirty days trial is allowed Write them at once for illustrated pamphlet free

dwb-6-ly

Elegant Photograph Albums in Plush Turkey, Morocco and Calf Bindings, just received at

THAYER & HOWBERT'S.

[illegible]

LIVERY

FIRST CLASS

IN—

Every Respect

Phaetons and Gentle Horses for Invalids a Specialty.

SADDLE AND DRIVING HORSES BOUGHT AND SOLD.

STEVENS & ROUSE.

[illegible]

Trustee's Sale.

Whereas Martha Rowley, by her certain deed of trust dated on the 16th day of November, A D, 1882, and recorded in the office of the county clerk and recorder of the county of El Paso, state of Colorado in book [illegible] on page 76, of the records thereof, on the 16th day of November A D, 1882 to secure the payment of one certain promissory note made by Martha Rowley and H. A Rowley bearing even date with said deed of trust for the principal sum of fifteen hundred (1 500) dollars payable to the order of Frederick M [illegible] two years after the date thereof with interest thereon from date until paid at the rate of ten per cent per annum, did convey to Henry Le B Wills of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado as trustee all the hereinafter described premises, by which deed of trust it is provided that in case of default in the payment of said note or any part thereof or the interest thereon, it may be lawful for the said Henry Le B Wills to advertise and sell the said premises as therein provided And, whereas, default has been made in the payment of said note and a portion of the interest thereon according to its tenor and effect and the same being due and unpaid now, therefore I, Henry Le B. Wills trustee, as aforesaid at the request of the legal holder and owner of said note do hereby give public notice that I shall on Friday December 26th A. D. 1884 at the hour of ten o'clock a m, at the front door of the court house, in the county of El Paso in the state of Colorado sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, all the premises in said deed of trust described to-wit Lot numbered thirty (30) in block numbered seventy-one (71) of the city of Colorado Springs (in the county of El Paso and state of Colorado), according to the recorded plat thereof, together with the buildings and other improvements thereon, together with all and singular the tenements, hereditaments privileges and appurtenances thereunto belonging, and all the right, title, interest and equity of redemption of the said Martha Rowley, her heirs or assigns therein

HENRY LE B WILLS Trustee
Colorado Springs, Colo, Nov. 25th A D, 1884
[illegible]

YOUR LAST CHANCE.

THE GREAT

BOOT & SHOE SALE

WILL POSITIVELY CLOSE

Saturday Night.

Now is the time to get BOOTS & SHOES cheaper than ever before offered in Colorado Springs.

C. W. Howbert

AGENT.

THIRD DOOR NORTH OF P. O.

m-11-8

CLIFFORD & JONES

(Successors to T. F. Clifford)

West Huerfano St.,

General Blacksmithing

and Horse Shoeing

Agents for

Walter A. Wood Mowers, Bain Wagons

And Agricultural Implements

m-80-ly

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper,

Wrapping Paper,

At the Gazette Office.

1885.

Harper's Bazar.

ILLUSTRATED.

HARPER'S BAZAR is the only paper in the world that combines the choicest literature and the finest art illustrations with the latest fashions and methods of household adornment. Its weekly illustrations and descriptions of the newest Paris and New York styles with its useful pattern sheet supplements and cut patterns, by enabling ladies to be their own dressmakers save many times the cost of subscription. Its papers on cooking, the management of servants and housekeeping in its various details are eminently practical. Much attention is given to the interesting topic of social etiquette, and its illustrations of art needle work are acknowledged to be unequaled. Its literary merit is of the highest excellence, and the unique character of its humorous pictures has won for it the name of the American Punch

HARPER'S PERIODICALS.

Per Year.

HARPER'S BAZAR	$4 00
HARPER'S MAGAZINE	4 00
HARPER'S WEEKLY	4 00
HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE	2 00
HARPER'S FRANKLIN SQUARE LIBRARY, One Year (52 Numbers)	10 00

Postage free to all subscribers in the United States or Canada

The volumes of the Bazar begin with the first number for each year When no time is mentioned it will be understood that the subscriber wishes to commence with the number next after the receipt of order

The last five annual volumes of Harper's Bazar in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail postage paid, or by express free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for $7 per volume

Cloth cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, postpaid on receipt of $1 each

Remittances should be made by post office money or draft to avoid chance of loss

Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harper & Brothers

Address HARPER & BROTHERS New York

OHIO INDIANA MICHIGAN

WABASH ROUTE!

THE BUSINESS MAN

When he travels wants to go quick, wants to be comfortable, wants to arrive at destination on time, in fact, wants a strictly business trip, and consequently takes the popular Wabash Route, feeling that he is sure to meet his engagements and continue to prosper and be happy.

THE TOURIST

Has long since chosen the Wabash as the favorite route to all the summer resorts of the East North and West, and winter resorts of the South, as the Company has for years provided better accommodations and more attractions than any of its competitors for this class of travel Tourist tickets can be had at reduced rates at all principal offices of the Company.

THE FARMER

In search of a new home, where he can secure better returns for his labor, should remember that the Wabash is the most direct route to Arkansas Texas Kansas Nebraska, and all points South, West and Northwest, and that round trip land-explorers' tickets at very low rates are always on sale at the ticket offices Descriptive advertising matter of Arkansas and Texas sent free to all applicants by addressing the General Passenger Agent

THE INVALID

Will find the Wabash the most convenient route to all the noted health resorts of Illinois, Missouri Arkansas and Texas, and that the excellent through car system and superior accommodations of this popular line will add greatly to his comfort while en route Illustrated descriptive of the many [illegible] of the West and South sent free on application

THE CAPITALIST

Can get the information necessary to secure safe and profitable investments in agriculture, [illegible], mining lumbering, or any of the many inviting fields throughout the South and West, by addressing the undersigned

F CHANDLER,
Gen'l Passenger and Ticket Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

ILLINOIS IOWA—MISSOURI

C. M. HAMPSON,
Commercial Agent, Denver, Colo.
k-3 tf

GILES CRISSEY, G. W. THOMAS

CRISSEY & THOMAS

DEALERS IN

CHICAGO AND COLORADO

LUMBER,

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS.

Building Paper Paints Oils Glass &c

Office and yard on corner Tejon and Bijou streets Colorado Springs w 12-tf

First National Bank

OF COLORADO SPRINGS.

Capital	$50,000
Surplus Fund	15,000

IRVING HOWBERT President
MATTHEW KENNEDY, Cashier
A S WELCH Asst. Cashier.

Buys and sells foreign and domestic exchange and does a general banking business k 2-tf

COLORADO FOR INVALIDS

BY DR. S [illegible] SOLLY

Health Resorts of Colo. Springs and Manitou

FOR SALE AT

Thayer & Howbert's and J. H. Ford's,

WRAPPING PAPER,

WRAPPING PAPER

WRAPPING PAPER

AT THE GAZETTE OFFICE

F. C. ROWE,

Real Estate.

$10,000 TO LOAN

In Sums from $500 Up.

FOR RENT.

Furnished Houses

House of 5 rooms, Kiowa st	$35 00
House of 6 rooms, Tejon st	25 00
House of 8 rooms, fronting on park	30 00
House of 9 rooms, N Weber st	65 00
House of 9 rooms, very central	60 00
House of 4 rooms and bath room, N Weber street	35 00
House of 7 rooms, Huerfano street	20 00
House of 7 rooms, N Tejon st, nice place	65 00
Very choice front room in central portion of the city	

Unfurnished Houses.

House of 5 rooms N Nevada, central	15 00
House of 6 rooms, N Weber st	15 00
Boarding house, central	40 00
House of 5 rooms, central	12 00
House of 5 rooms, Cascade ave	8 00
House of 3 rooms, fronts on park	7 00
House of 4 rooms, Vermijo ave	6 00
House of 7 rooms, N Nevada ave	25 00
House of 5 rooms on garden tract	10 00
House of 5 rooms Tejon st	15 00
House of 5 rooms Cucharas st	11 00
House of 4 rooms, St. Vrain st	12 50
House of 4 rooms, N Nevada ave	9 00
House of 5 rooms, Nevada ave	12 00
House of 2 rooms, Nevada ave	4 00
House of 4 rooms, Costilla st	10 00
House of 4 rooms, central	6 00
Two pleasant rooms central	
Three rooms, central	7 00

STORES

Southeast corner of Tejon and Huerfano sts
Desirable store, North Tejon st

FOR SALE.

5405	N TEJON ST—Carefully built house of modern style, bay window, bath room, hot and cold water, etc, in one of the best blocks in the city, near the park	$4 500
5376	N NEVADA AVE—5 room house near Acacia place	1,700
6318	CHOICE RESIDENCE—On Pike's Peak ave, large grounds	
5187	RANCH—One of the most successfully run dairy and agricultural ranches in the county	3 000
6010	N WEBER ST—Sunny cottage pleasantly situated, furniture included	3 500
5543	VACANT LOT—Kiowa st	150
5577	CASCADE AVE RESIDENCE	5,000
6185	NEVADA AVE CORNER—5 room cottage, nice lawn shrubbery, strawberry [illegible] raspberries, currants, gooseberries apples, pears, stable, cow shed etc	1 400
614[illegible]	STOCK RANCH—Large range well watered, good improvement, price reasonable	
6231	N NEVADA AVE—Pretty cottage on best portion of the ave	[illegible],500
5565	S TEJON ST—4 room cottage	700
527[illegible]	N NEVADA AVE—Vacant corner	5,000

The above list embraces but a small portion of the property I have for sale

Parties thinking of buying, selling, renting or loaning money cordially invited to call

Carriage always in attendance to examine property

F. C. ROWE,

No. 17, North Tejon St., Opp. Opera House.



THE

Chicago & North-Western

RAILWAY

Is the OLDEST! BEST CONSTRUCTED! BEST EQUIPPED! and hence the

LEADING RAILWAY

—OF THE—

WEST AND NORTHWEST

It is the SHORT, SURE and SAFE route between

Council Bluffs

—AND—

CHICAGO, MILWAUKEE

And all points EAST such as

Niagara Falls, New York, Philadelphia, Boston, Washington, Baltimore, Pittsburgh, Montreal, Toronto, Detroit, Cleveland.

At Council Bluffs the Trains of the Chicago North-West [illegible] and the U P. R'ys depart from, arrive at and use the same joint union depot.

At Chicago close connections are made with the Lake Shore, Michigan Central, Baltimore & Ohio, Ft. Wayne and Pennsylvania, and Chicago & Grand Trunk R'ys, and the Kankakee and Pan Handle routes

Palace Drawing Room Car

Are run on all through trains of this road

It is the ONLY ROAD between

COUNCIL BLUFFS and CHICAGO

[illegible]

GEO. F. WILLIAMSON, Traveling Agent,

W. N. BABCOCK, General Agent.

Windsor Hotel Block Denver b-1-tf

Henry Le B. Wills

REAL ESTATE

—AND—

INSURANCE.

NOTARY PUBLIC

—AND—

COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS

City and Country Property

[illegible]

MONEY TO LOAN

[illegible]

COLORADO SPRINGS, D[illegible] 5 1884

The firm of W[illegible] & Sharpless has been this day dissolved by the death of the junior partner [illegible] The firm will be [illegible]

[illegible] LE B WILLS

[illegible]

NOTICE

[illegible]

F. C. WEBSTER, M. D.

Office No. 7 S. Tejon street.

RESIDENCE—NO [illegible] N. TEJON ST. Has for the last [illegible] years made a specialty [illegible] children [illegible] d-11 tf

B. LOWE,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Colorado Springs Colo

OFFICE—Over First National Bank

b-5-ly

JOHN CAMPBELL, [illegible] F MCINTYRE

CAMPBELL & McINTYRE,

Attorneys-at-Law,

ROOMS [illegible]

DR. W. FOWLER

(Formerly Fowler & Palmer)

DENTIST.

ROOMS in Pe[illegible] street, opposite [illegible] m 6 tf

Dr. C. F. Edwards,

DENTIST

OFFICE—No. [illegible] North [illegible] st opposite Opera House [illegible] m-8-tf

TRADE DIRECTORY

All cards [illegible] Any [illegible] will be charged [illegible]

[illegible]

EDITION DE LUXE

[illegible]

Works of Wm. Hickling Prescott

Messrs J. B. Lippincott & Co of Philadelphia [illegible] the works of W H Prescott, [illegible] now complete.

[illegible]

A PRIZE. [illegible] which [illegible] money right away than anything else in this world. Fortunes await the workers absolutely sure. At once address TRUE & CO., Augusta, Maine w-3-[illegible]

Amusements.

[illegible] Mlle, the tragedienne, will [illegible] next Monday night [illegible] We have [illegible] Mlle for a whole week in [illegible] the Academy of Music. Her repertoire [illegible] a very daring one, consisting of "Hamlet," "Othello," "Macbeth," "Richelieu" and [illegible] Fool's Revenge." But the [illegible] proved that he had not rashly undertaken what he could not successfully perform.

I have seen him myself only as Hamlet, which was not his most successful part, [illegible] must confess myself astonished at the [illegible] and brilliancy of his performance. [illegible] not think it possible that in so short a [illegible] a man could so far [illegible] and difficult art. Our [illegible] I find its praise of [illegible] somewhat, but his Macbeth [illegible] I could hardly find sufficient words of praise. What seemed a [illegible] has proved a wonderful success.

School News

[illegible]

Real Estate Transfers

[illegible] for the week ending [illegible] by J. G. Lowe [illegible]

[illegible] $1,800

[illegible] Peck to [illegible] 3,500

[illegible] to Mary W. [illegible] 2[illegible]

[illegible] to J. J. [illegible] 500

[illegible] to W. C. Admison [illegible] sec 9, tp 15, s r 67 w 450

[illegible] C. H. [illegible] tp 13 500

[illegible] to Nancy A. [illegible] sec 12 and [illegible] tp 15, s r 67 w, nominal

[illegible] to J. C. Plumb [illegible] of sec 17, tp 11, s r 61 w 250

The Markets

[illegible] December 12.—[illegible] money [illegible] closing at [illegible] demand [illegible]

[illegible] Lackawanna [illegible] Northwestern [illegible] Wall [illegible] large amount [illegible] Louisville & Nashville [illegible] transactions 14,000 shares.

[illegible] mining market opened quiet and weak. Sales included Standard at 60 [illegible] Silver 4 00; Consolidated Pacific [illegible] & Miller 10, Belle Isle [illegible] Quicksilver 5 00.

[illegible]

Methodist Centenary

[illegible] December 12.—Bishop Fowler [illegible] centenary conference [illegible] resolutions were [illegible] committee [illegible] by Rev. C. K. [illegible] of Mississippi, proposed a uniform [illegible]

Reductions Ordered

[illegible] December 12.—Carnegie Bros [illegible] operating the Union iron mills, have [illegible] a reduction of 10 to 15 per cent in the [illegible] of all employes excepting those governed by the Amalgamated association scales. [illegible] reduction will go into effect next Monday.

About 900 men will be affected. The Isabella Blast Furnace Co have ordered 10 per cent reduction in the wages of all employes. To offset this the rent of the company's houses has been reduced 10 per cent.

Resolved to Strike

PITTSBURG, December 12.—Employes of the Keystone Bridge company who had been notified of a reduction of five to fifteen per cent to take effect January 1st, have decided to strike. A preliminary meeting of labor leaders including representatives of the Amalgamated association, coal miners' association, glass workers' association and the typographical union was held to-night for the purpose of forming a national labor league. Another meeting will be held next week.

New Freight Rates

CHICAGO, December 12.—In accordance with instructions from Commissioner Fink the freight committee of east bound roads met to-day and fixed the tariff on dressed hogs and sheep to seaboard points with the following rates: To New York as a basis, hogs in common cars, carload lots, 60 cents per hundred pounds, less than car loads 65 cents, in refrigerator cars carloads, 75 cents. Sheep in common cars, any quantity 55; in refrigerator cars 70 cents.

A Break for Liberty

GALVESTON, December 12.—A News Decatur special says: Prisoners in the county jail made a successful break for liberty last night. About 12 o'clock one prisoner complaining of illness induced the jailer to turn the break which opened the cell doors. Seven then overpowered the jailer and escaped. Blood hounds were put on the track to-day but none had been captured up to 10 o'clock to-night. Joe McIntyre, a murderer, and two noted [illegible] among the gang.

Downed by Hard Times

NEW YORK, December 12.—H. J. G. [illegible] [illegible]

[illegible] Strike

PHILADELPHIA, December 12.—Cigar makers [illegible] 100 in number [illegible] notified of a reduction of $2 per thousand on cigars have after consultation with the executive committee of the cigar makers' international union, resolved to strike.

Duel to the Death.

PORTLAND, Oregon, December 12.—A report has just been received of a terrible duel between two cow boys in Idaho, opposite [illegible] Washington territory. The duelists tied their left hands together and with knives fought until both fell dead. One received 13 stabs, the other 17. The affray was witnessed by friends of both men.

TELEGRAPH BREVITIES

Indications for Colorado—Fair weather.

[illegible] French commanders have been ordered to suspend hostilities.

The submarine telegraph cable between Songkai and [illegible] has been completed.

There were 21 deaths from cholera in Paris last week, all in the eastern part of the city.

The tariff committee of the French chamber refused to increase duties on rice, maize and oil seeds.

Herbert Bismarck will shortly enter the German foreign office as temporary under secretary.

One hundred hosiery operatives have left Nottingham, Eng., for America where places are already engaged.

General Sheridan will be marshal of the day for the celebration of the completion of the Washington monument.

The colored national convention called to meet in New Orleans December 15th has been postponed to January 25th.

The Fremont, Mass., mystery ceased by the opening yesterday of Estella Newman's grave and finding the body undisturbed.

Geo Cook was hanged at Cheyenne yesterday for the murder of his brother-in-law named Blount a year ago last Thanksgiving day.

At Coney Creek, I. T., George Christy fatally shot a son of Senator Sanders of the Cherokee council. Christy is highly connected.

The international monetary commission has concluded its sittings. The proposal of America to suspend the coinage of silver was not discussed.

Republican conferees of the 19th congressional district of Pennsylvania nominated Chas. H. Bressler of York for the unexpired term of the late W. A. Duncan.

[illegible] torpedo boats built in England and sent to Australia were thence forwarded to Shanghai [illegible] in the Chinese navy.

The [illegible] of Bastien Le Page occurred in [illegible] yesterday. Many English and American [illegible] wreaths upon the coffin. [illegible] and other artists were present at the ceremony.

Failures in seven days in the United States were 311, Canada 31, total 348 as compared with 320 the previous week. Failures in the western, southern and Pacific states are above the average, other sections about as usual.

Judgments for $35,000 were confessed by Franklyn Baker, flour merchant of Philadelphia, trading as F. S. Baker & Co and executions issued thereon. Baker was dealing largely with South American shippers.

The secretary of the treasury has prepared a circular to take the place of all previous circulars concerning the importation of old [illegible] providing that no old rags shall be landed in the United States except upon thorough disinfection.

Administrator's Notice.

Estate of Sophia M. Treadwell deceased. The undersigned, having been appointed administrator of the estate of Sophia M. Treadwell late of the county of El Paso and state of Colorado, deceased, hereby gives notice that he will appear before the county court of El Paso county at the court house in Colorado Springs at the December term, on the last Monday in December next, at which time all persons having claims against said estate are notified and requested to attend for the purpose of having the same adjusted. All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment to the undersigned.

Dated this 24th day of November, A. D. 1884.
[illegible] CHARLES W. MYERS, Administrator.

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FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Old papers, for wrapping or posts. Special rates on large lots. Apply at this office.

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FOR RENT—Two sunny furnished rooms with board. Inquire at this office. m l t f

FOR RENT—I have rooms in suite or single in Union block that will rent cheap to proper attendants. C. H. White. [illegible]

Some large French Photographs suitable for framing or coloring just received at

THAYER & HOWBERT'S.
m 2 6m

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And invites Mr. HAY'S old patrons and the public generally to send him their work, guaranteeing the cheapest and best work in Colorado Springs.

Shop, West Huerfano St.

(David Moore's Old Stand.)
m 0 11 f

AINSWORTH BROWN

Opera House Block

Painters' Materials and Oils

[illegible] PAPER, GLASS

Shade Goods and Shade Fixtures,

ARTISTS' MATERIALS [illegible]

[illegible]

1885.

Harper's Magazine.

ILLUSTRATED.

With the new volume beginning December, Harper's Magazine will conclude its thirty fifth year. The oldest periodical of its type, it is yet, in each new volume, in the magazine not simply it presents fresh subjects and new pictures, but also and chiefly because it steadily advances in the method itself of magazine making. In a word, the Magazine becomes more and more the faithful mirror of current life and movement. Leading features in the attractive programme for 1885 are: New serial novels by Constance Fenimore Woolson and W. D. Howells; a new novel entitled "At the Red Glove"; descriptive illustrated papers by F. D. Millet, R. Swain Gifford, E. A. Abbey, H. Gibson and others; Goldsmith's "She Stoops to Conquer," illustrated by Abbey. Important papers on Art, Science, etc.

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In one powerful religious history she was indeed a remarkable woman.—[Churchman.

A charming picture of a noble minded woman.—[Athenæum.

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McMILLAN & CO., New York

119 Fourth avenue.

James R. Osgood & Co.'s

LIST OF

NEW BOOKS

And Books to be Published During the Autumn of 1884.

A LITTLE TOUR IN FRANCE. By Henry James, author of "Daisy Miller," "The Siege of London," etc. 1 vol. $1 50.

HANDBOOK OF GREEK AND ROMAN SCULPTURE. Principally from the "Bausteine" of Dr. Carl Friederichs—late of the University of Berlin. By D. Cady Eaton, formerly Professor of the History of Art, Yale college. Second edition, enlarged and revised. 1 vol. $3 50.

"It is a happy thing that Greek sculpture is beginning to receive [illegible] attention in this country, for there is no better assured process for purifying taste than that offered by its study."

WHERE THE BATTLE WAS FOUGHT. A novel. By Charles Egbert Craddock, author of "In the Tennessee Mountains." 1 vol. $1 50.

Mr Craddock's sketches of southern life and character have won universal praise by their originality and freshness, and this larger work will be found to contain all their good qualities with the addition of an interesting and well [illegible] plot.

THE ADVENTURES OF A WIDOW. A novel. By Edgar Fawcett, author of "Tinkling Cymbals," etc. 1 vol. $1 50.

[illegible]

PROTECTION AND FREE TRADE OF TO DAY AT HOME AND ABROAD IN FIELD AND WORKSHOP. By Robert P. Porter. Paper covers, 10c.

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"The Story of a Country Town is without doubt the most notable novel of the year recently first published in Kansas [illegible] its scene is laid, and now accorded a national welcome and a new Boston edition. How its prompt success [illegible] this remarkable novel [illegible] commonly interesting. The Springfield Republican finds in it 'a distinct flavor of its own, the freshness and strangeness of the prairie life.' The New York Herald calls it 'powerful, sympathetic and original [illegible] human interest intensely dramatic.' The Chicago Inter-Ocean finds it 'the most dramatic of our American novels [illegible] a drama of direct appeal.'"

DR SEVIER. By George W. Cable, author of "The Grandissimes," etc. 1 vol. $1 50.

Mr Cable's [illegible] greatest work and [illegible] of large and [illegible] sales.

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A vade mecum of American political history, containing all the platforms of all the presidential campaigns, the history of the elections and the growth of the political issues upon which they were decided, and other information indispensable to the understanding of politics of the present and the past.

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HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR, BOTH HEAVY AND FINE,
AND EVERY KIND OF GOODS IN OUR LINE
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b-17 [illegible]

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FOR

YOUNG FOLKS

ATTRACTIONS FOR 1884-5

No printed periodical can take the place of parent, pastor or school teacher, but a good magazine can supplement their work and influence to a wonderful degree. In view of this, it is not extravagant to say—instead of "Can we afford to take St. Nicholas?"—the question of every earnest household in English-speaking countries to-day should be "Can we afford not to take St. Nicholas?"

The magazine, during its eleven happy years of existence, under the editorial charge of

Mary Mapes Dodge,

has grown familiar to hundreds of thousands of young readers, and their interest and intelligent enjoyment have constantly inspired the editor and publishers to fresh effort. To-day its strength is in its [illegible] its sympathy with young life, its hearty recognition of the movement of events, and its steadily increasing literary and pictorial resources. The following are some of the good things already secured for future numbers of St. Nicholas:

"His One Fault," a serial story for boys, by the popular author, J. T. Trowbridge.

"Personally Conducted," illustrated papers on famous places in Europe. By Frank R. Stockton.

"Historic Girls," a companion series to "Historic Boys." By E. S. Brooks.

"Roads for Business," suggestions to boys about to choose an occupation—based on personal interviews with prominent representatives of various trades and professions. By G. J. Manson.

"Driven Back to Eden," a serial. By [illegible] P. Roe.

"Talks for Young Folks," a series of popular papers, by H. H. (Helen Jackson).

"Among the Lawmakers," recollections of a boy page in the United States senate—containing much political information, both instructive and amusing. By Edmund Alton.

"Davy and the Goblin," a very funny serial story by a new writer, Charles Carryl.

Short stories by Louisa M. Alcott.

"The Progress of Invention," "From Palanquin to Parlor-car," "From Cross-bow to 100-ton Gun," etc. Descriptive papers, by Charles E. Bolton.

"Art Work for Young Folks," papers on decorative handicraft, by Charles G. Leland.

"Sheep or Silver?" a story of Texan life. By the late Rev. Wm. M. Baker.

"A Garden of Girls," being six short stories for girls by six leading writers.

"Tales of Two Continents," stories of adventure, by H. H. Boyesen.

"Cartoons for Boys and Girls," funny pictures by St. Nicholas artists.

"From Bach to Wagner," brief, pointed biographies of great musicians, by Agatha Tunis.

Special papers by chosen writers, including Mary Hallock Foote, Joaquin Miller, Alice Wellington Rollins, G. B. Bartlett, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Rev. Washington Gladden, Julia Schayer, Anna Lea Merritt, W. O. Stoddard, D. Ker, Ernest Ingersoll, Clara E. Clement, Lieut. Schwatka.

The illustrations will be the work of the very best artists and engravers—and there will be plenty of them. In the November and December numbers are beautiful colored frontispieces.

It costs only 25 cents and all books and news dealers sell it. The subscription price is $3 00 a year, and now is just the time to subscribe.

A free specimen copy of St. Nicholas will be sent on request. Mention this paper.

The Century Co.
Publishers, New York, N. Y.

THE NEW YORK TRIBUNE

FOR 1885.

A PAPER DEVOTED TO AMERICAN INTERESTS.

LARGEST REPUBLICAN CIRCULATION IN AMERICA.

The Tribune begins the new subscription year with prospects unparalleled in its history. Its circulation for the week ending November 8 last was as follows:

Monday, November 3	[illegible]
Tuesday, November 4	[illegible]
Wednesday, November 5	188,000
Thursday, November 6	187,110
Friday, November 7	160,000
Saturday, November 8	173,000
Sunday, November 9	[illegible]
Weekly, November 5, exclusive of all short term campaign subscriptions	145,710
Semi-weekly	28,300

Total number of Tribunes printed and sold during week ending November 8, exclusive of campaign subscriptions 1,202,110

Ninety four tons of paper were used in printing the week's issues. This was of course an election week "spurt" which broke the record in New York. Settling back into its "steady gait," the Tribune's record stood on the following week:

Average daily circulation of the Daily Tribune for the week ending Nov. 15, 1884	[illegible]
Weekly Tribune, Nov. 12, 1884	142,650
Semi-Weekly	28,600

During 1885 the Tribune will try more zealously and hopefully than ever for its political faith. The return to power of the party that brought on the rebellion will make the coming year one of the most interesting in our history. The more the people know of how democrats deal with their government, the surer is republican success the next time, and the Tribune appeals to its friends to help spread such knowledge broadcast.

The Tribune gives the news fully, fairly and early. It is a clean, attractive paper for the family circle, and the persistent advocate of work for Americans, a great, paying home market for American grain and meat, the extension of our foreign trade, and the general protection of American interests. It favors every practical effort to check intemperance, and is always on the side of morality, reform and progress. Its Weekly and Semi Weekly editions contain a fully complete and valuable Agricultural Household, Literary and Juvenile departments, with special articles, abundant correspondence, interesting miscellany, and some fun for every member of the family, old or young. It is an instructive and entertaining.

Every postmaster and club agent is invited to [illegible] to form yearly clubs at once for the Tribune. The following premiums are offered in combination with subscriptions:

Unabridged Dictionary, both Worcester's and Worcester's.

Wood's Household Practice of Medicine, 2 vols. illustrated. [illegible]

The Library of Useful Knowledge, 15 vols. nearly 900 pages each, the cheapest numbers Encyclopædia complete, with American additions.

The Waterbury watch, a popular and successful premium.

Ridpath's History of the United States.

Specimen copies, show bills and circulars with details of valuable premiums, will be sent, free, upon application, or can be had from your postmaster.

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WEEKLY, $1.25 a year. In clubs of ten $1 a year, with extra copy to man sending club.

SEMI-WEEKLY, $2.50 a year, in clubs of ten, $2 a year, with extra copy to man sending club.

DAILY, with Sunday, $8.50; without Sunday, $7 per year.

SUNDAY TRIBUNE, $1.50. The Sunday's Tribune, Monday's or Wednesday's or Saturday's, can be subscribed for separately.

Counting postage, the Tribune costs about two cents a copy, all editions.

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2-5-tf

DAILY GAZETTE.

SATURDAY, DECEMBER 13, 1884.

TIME TABLE.

Denver & Rio Grande Railway

TRAINS GOING SOUTH

No. 7 Pacific express, for Gunnison, Salt Lake and California, arrives [illegible] a. m., departs 10.48 a. m.

" 1. Pueblo Accommodation arrives 7 00 p. m., departs 7 03 p. m.

" 3. Leadville, Durango and Silverton express arrives 10.55 p. m., departs 10.58 p. m.

" 5. Kansas City, Pueblo and El Moro Express arrives 2 06 p. m., departs 2 10 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

No. 4. Leadville, Durango and Silverton express, arrives 3 55 a. m., departs 4 00 a. m.

" 6. Kansas City, Pueblo and El Moro Express, arrives 12 02 p. m., departs [illegible] p. m.

4 *Denver accommodation arrives [illegible] a. m., departs 8.10 a. m.

" 8. Atlantic express, from California, Salt Lake and Gunnison, arrives [illegible] p. m., departs 6 00 p. m.

* Daily except Sunday.

Colorado Springs & Manitou R'y

WESTWARD	EASTWARD
No 31—Leave 10 53 a. m.	No [illegible]—Arrive [illegible] 5 a. m.
No 33— " 2 15 p. m.	No 34— " [illegible]
No 35— " 7 05 p. m.	No 36— " [illegible]

Through tickets for sale to all [illegible] East, at the depot. Parties can select their own route.

Trains now running through to Leadville. Pullman palace sleepers attached to [illegible]. Horton reclining chair cars on [illegible]. Observation cars on daylight trains [illegible] the Royal Gorge in the Grand Canyon.

For full information call on or address

J. M. ELLISON, Agent.

Denver & New Orleans Railway

LEAVES	ARRIVE
For Pueblo 10 55 a. m.	From Pueblo [illegible] p. m.
" Denver 3 10 p. m.	From Denver 11 0[illegible] a. m.

Postoffice Bulletin

The postoffice is open daily from 7 30 a. m. to 7.30 p. m. Sundays from 12 to 1 p. m. Mails arrive and depart as follows:

GOING SOUTH		DEPART
Via D & R G	10 53 a m	3 45 p m
" "		8 00 p m
Via D & N. O	11 30 a m	
GOING NORTH		
Via D. & N O		3 10 p m
Via D. & R. G	11 5 a m	5 10 p m
" "		8 00 p m
MAIL FROM THE NORTH		ARRIVE.
Via D & R G	7 0[illegible] a m	
	11 00 a. m	2 0 p m
Via D & N O	12 m	
MAIL FROM THE SOUTH		
Via D & R G.	[illegible] a m	3 30 p m
"		[illegible] p m
Via D & N O		[illegible]
	ARRIVE	DEPART
Colorado City & Manitou	11 00 a m / 6 00 p m	[illegible] / [illegible] p

Mail for Sunview and Hatton closes [illegible] 8 00 p. m. Arrives Tuesday at [illegible] p. m.

Mail for Stall [illegible] Trumbors closes Monday at 12 00 m, and arrives Sunday at [illegible].

Telegraph Office Hours

Week days [illegible]
Sundays [illegible]

MISS M. A. CARPENTER, Manager.

John Patten started for [illegible] yesterday on the Thunderbolt.

Judge Harrison came down from Buena Vista last evening.

The Denver papers consider Geo. C. Miln the legitimate successor to Edwin Booth.

Miss May Sommerville left on the Thunderbolt yesterday for Albuquerque, N. M.

Geo. C. Miln opens his Denver engagement the Monday following his appearance here.

Walt A. Smith came down from Denver on the Pueblo accommodation to spend Sunday with his family.

The funeral service of the late E. H. Sharpless will be held at Grace Episcopal church this afternoon at half past two o clock.

Mr. J[illegible] Sbireman, mayor of South Pueblo, was in the city yesterday. He came up to attend the meeting of the Odd Fellows.

Miss Adele Payn, leading lady of the Miln company, is said to be one of the most accomplished actresses on the American stage.

Geo. C. Miln and Adele Payn visit Europe at the close of the present season and fill an engagement at Irving's Lyceum Theater, London.

Mr. Wm. S. Fairley, of Fairley Bros., starts to-day for New Orleans where he will remain about six weeks attending the exposition.

Mr. Preston Roberts on, who has been here for several months, starts to-day for Mobile, Alabama, where he will spend the remainder of the winter.

Extensive preparations are being made for Christmas services at the Congregational church in Manitou, of which further mention will be made.

Prof. and Mrs. Grafton are making themselves very popular with the young folks of Manitou in furnishing amusement for the long winter evenings.

Mr. W. H. McIntyre, cashier of the People's bank, was unexpectedly called to New York yesterday on account of the illness of one of the members of his family.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the First National bank will be held at the bank to-day, at 2 o clock, for the election of officers to serve for the ensuing year.

Salisbury's Troubadours, we regret to say, will not go over the Colorado circuit, consequently the people of Colorado Springs will not have the opportunity of seeing them.

[illegible] & [illegible] have recently [illegible] new [illegible] pool [illegible] which they will put in [illegible] immediately. It is something that has been needed in Colorado Springs for a long time.

Thursday night was the coldest that has been experienced in Colorado Springs this winter. Different persons report that the thermometer varied from six to nine degrees below zero.

There will be a poultry exhibition given on the 29th inst., in one of the Arnold block rooms. Prizes will be given to the highest [illegible] fowls. Admission free. Tickets for [illegible] a fowl for the [illegible].

Holiday trade is becoming quite brisk, and notwithstanding the fact that yesterday was a cold day the most of our merchants had a very good trade. If you want the people to know what you have in the holiday line advertise in the GAZETTE.

According to the weather observations taken at Colorado college the highest temperature yesterday was 15° the lowest 18° and the velocity of the wind 91 miles. For the preceding day the mean temperature was 10 [illegible] and the mean barometer 23 866 inches.

Colonel Ensign and Mr. G. H. Parsons, of this city, will address a meeting in Pueblo next Thursday, upon the subject of forestry. They will also speak upon the same subject in Trinidad and Canon City.

A young boy of Kalamazoo, Mich., named [illegible] Turner, left his home August [illegible]. All efforts to find him have proved unavailing. Should any one reading this know anything of his whereabouts, please entreat him to return home or write to mother telling where he is. He is four[illegible] years old, has brown eyes and dark hair, is left handed and [illegible] hesitation in his speech. Address Mrs. George Turner, 71[illegible] [illegible] street, Kalamazoo, Michigan.

The Matt France Hose Co. has made arrangements for an entertainment at the skating rink Saturday, December [illegible], for which a programme of novel and interesting features is being prepared. When completed a full account will be given of it. From what is already known it bids fair to be one of the most entertaining things of the kind given here for a long time.

Quite a large party of the friends of Miss [illegible] and the Misses [illegible] gave them a surprise at Prof. [illegible] the Sunny Side [illegible] Thursday evening last. The party assembled at the Central House at about [illegible] o'clock and proceeded in a body to the Sunny Side house, where after a cordial reception, a very pleasant evening was spent interspersed with social games [illegible]. The musical trio by the Misses [illegible], Jessie and Lizzie Downing was a genuine treat to all present. After partaking of [illegible] refreshments served by the ladies [illegible] at 11 o'clock found the members of the party at their respective houses, wishing for many repetitions of their evening's pleasure.

BUSINESS LOCALS

[illegible] for first insertion [illegible] for each subsequent insertion. [illegible] every other day, or on [illegible] days of the week only, ten cents per line for each insertion.

BALLS [illegible] BAKER
Undertakers and Embalmers.
[illegible]

AT THE FAIRLEY BROS. HOLIDAY DISPLAY.

A [illegible] than rocking horses and chairs will be made until January 1st. We [illegible] horses and shoofflies, children's [illegible] dolls [illegible] china cups and mugs, vases and smoking sets, children's tea sets, decorated [illegible] cups and saucers, plates, etc. [illegible] an extra large display of library and [illegible] lamps and numerous other items including [illegible] regular stock of staple goods throughout the house furnishing line. Examine them before purchasing.

FAIRLEY BROS., UNDERTAKING AND EMBALMING, fourth door east of City Drug Store.

Largest and [illegible] assortment of children's books [illegible] J. H. E. B. m 12-3

Largest and best variety of holiday presents in the city [illegible] m 12-3

[illegible] accommodated with first class [illegible] North Cascade avenue. Mrs. Mary E. [illegible] m [illegible]

If you [illegible] every day in the year [illegible] the Circulating Library [illegible] m 1. 10

QUEENSWARE, GLASSWARE, SILVERWARE, CHINA, BISQUE FIGURES, ORNAMENT, &c.

Sent by [illegible] to any part of the country [illegible]. No wiser investment can be [illegible] than [illegible] Denver, Colo. [illegible]

A new collection of over 250 [illegible] engravings only 50c each. Just as fine as the usual $5 engravings. J. H. E. B. m 12-3

CLEAR OUT

And [illegible] will send [illegible] colored [illegible]. The [illegible] great bargain. Write [illegible]

M. J. M. [illegible]
[illegible] Denver, Colo.

WORD [illegible]

[illegible] Pikes Peak [illegible]

[illegible] m 1. 3

[illegible] Meat Sauce [illegible] both in the [illegible] and [illegible] and retail.

[illegible]

[illegible] m 1 3

[illegible] Ashby's [illegible]

[illegible] at Ashby's. New [illegible]

[illegible] cheap at Ashby's.

[illegible] at Ashby's.

Elegant Photo [illegible] Albums in Plush, Turkey, Morocco and Calf Binding, just received at

THRAYER & HOWBERT'S.

m 6-6m

French Dolls, beautifully dressed, just received at

THAYER & HOWBERT'S.

m 9-6m

ALBUMS,

GIFT BOOKS,

And the Largest and Choicest selection of desirable

Holiday Goods.

J. H. Goff

BOOKSELLER.

Established 187[illegible].

EL PASO COUNTY

BANK.

Capital Paid in	$100,000
Surplus	20,000

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WM. S JACKSON, Cashier.
J. H. BARLOW, Assistant Cashier.

MEMBERS OF THE FIRM

Wm S Jackson, C. B White, J. B. [illegible] 6-8 tf

FOR [illegible].

[illegible] Trailors.

Can be seen by applying to

5 21 tf J. W. [illegible]

Glenwood Springs

TOWN CO.

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GEORGE C. MILN,

Sustained by the young and talented tragedienne,

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And an efficient company of Shakesperian artists, in Shakespere's immortal tragedy,

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Superb Costumes, Magnificent Company.

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